# CETPA INFOTECH PVT. LTD. CURRICULUM OF CCIE SECURITY

## Infrastructure, Connectivity, Communications, and Network Security

- 1.0 Network addressing basics
- 1.1 OSI layers
- 1.2 TCP/UDP/IP protocols
- 1.3 LAN switching (for example, VTP, VLANs, spanning tree, and trunking)
- 1.5 Routing protocols (for example, RIP, EIGRP, OSPF, and BGP)
  - 1.5.a Basic functions and characteristics
  - 1.5.b Security features
  - 1.6 Tunneling protocols
  - 1.6.a GRE
  - 1.6.b NHRP
  - 1.6.c IPv6 tunnel types
- 1.7 IP multicast
  - 1.7.a PIM
  - 1.7.b MSDP
  - 1.7.c IGMP and CGMP
  - 1.7.d Multicast Listener Discovery
- 1.8 Wireless
  - 1.8.a SSID
  - 1.8.b Authentication and authorization
  - 1.8.c Rogue APs
  - 1.8.d Session establishment
- 1.9 Authentication and authorization technologies
  - 1.9.a Single sign-on
  - 1.9.b OTPs
  - 1.9.c LDAP and AD
  - 1.9.d RBAC
- 1.10 VPNs
  - 1.10.a L2 vs L3
  - 1.10.b MPLS, VRFs, and tag switching
- 1.11 Mobile IP networks

### 2.0 Security Protocols

- 2.1 RSA
- 2.2 RC4
- 2.3 MD5
- 2.4 SHA
- 2.5 DES
- 2.6 3DES
- 2.7 AES
- 2.8 IPsec
- 2.9 ISAKMP
- 2.10 IKE and IKEv2
- 2.11 GDOI
- 2.12 AH
- 2.13 ESP
- 2.14 CEP
- 2.15 TLS and DTLS
- 2.16 SSL
- 2.17 SSH
- 2.18 RADIUS
- 2.19 TACACS+
- 2.20 LDAP
- 2.21 EAP methods (for example, EAP-MD5, EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, EAP-FAST, PEAP, and LEAP)
- 2.22 PKI, PKIX, and PKCS
- 2.23 IEEE 802.1X
- 2.24 WEP, WPA, and WPA2
- 2.25 WCCP
- 2.26 SXP
- 2.27 MACsec
- 2.28 DNSSEC

### 3.0 Application and Infrastructure Security

- 3.1 HTTP
- 3.2 HTTPS
- 3.3 SMTP
- 3.4 DHCP
- 3.5 DNS
- 3.6 FTP and SFTP
- 3.7 TFTP
- 3.8 NTP
- 3.9 SNMP
- 3.10 Syslog
- 3.11 Netlogon, NetBIOS, and SMB
- 3.12 RPCs
- 3.13 RDP and VNC
- 3.14 PCoIP
- 3.15 OWASP
- 3.16 Manage unnecessary services

#### 4.0 Threats, Vulnerability Analysis, and Mitigation

- 4.1 Recognize and mitigate common attacks
  - 4.1. a. ICMP attacks and PING floods
  - 4.1.b MITM
  - 4. 1.c Replay
  - 4.1.d Spoofing
  - 4.1.d Backdoor
  - 4.1.e Botnets
  - 4.1.f Wireless attacks
  - 4.1.g DoS and DDoS attacks
  - 4.1.h Virus and worm outbreaks
  - 4.1.i Header attacks
  - 4.1.j Tunneling attacks
- 4.2 Software and OS exploits
- 4.3 Security and attack tools
- 4.4 Generic network intrusion prevention concepts
- 4.5 Packet filtering
- 4.6 Content filtering and packet inspection
- 4.7 Endpoint and posture assessment
- 4.8 QoS marking attacks

# 5.0 Cisco Security Products, Features, and Management

- 5.1 Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA)
  - 5.1.a Firewall functionality
  - 5.1.b Routing and multicast capabilities
  - 5.1.c Firewall modes
  - 5.1.d NAT (before and after version 8.4)
  - 5.1.e Object definition and ACLs
  - 5.1.f MPF functionality (IPS, QoS, and application awareness)
  - 5.1.g Context-aware firewall
  - 5.1.h Identity-based services
  - 5.1.i Failover options
- 5.2 Cisco IOS firewalls and NAT
  - 5.2.a CBAC
  - 5.2.b Zone-based firewall
  - 5.2.c Port-to-application mapping
  - 5.2.d Identity-based firewalling
- 5.3 Cisco Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS)
- 5.4 Cisco IOS IPS
- 5.5 Cisco AAA protocols and application
  - 5.5.a RADIUS
  - 5.5.b TACACS+
  - 5.5.c Device administration
  - 5.5.d Network access
  - 5.5.e IEEE 802.1X
  - 5.5.f VSAs
- 5.6 Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE)
- 5.7 Cisco Secure ACS Solution Engine

- 5.8 Cisco Network Admission Control (NAC) Appliance Server
- 5.9 Endpoint and client
  - 5.9.a Cisco AnyConnect VPN Client
  - 5.9.b Cisco VPN Client
  - 5.9.c Cisco Secure Desktop
  - 5.9.d Cisco NAC Agent
- 5.10 Secure access gateways (Cisco IOS router or ASA)
  - 5.10.a IPsec
  - 5.10.b SSL VPN
  - 5.10.c PKI
- 5.11 Virtual security gateway
- 5.12 Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series ASA Services Modules
- 5.13 ScanSafe functionality and components
- 5.14 Cisco Web Security Appliance and Cisco Email Security Appliance
- 5.15 Security management
  - 5.15.a Cisco Security Manager
  - 5.15.b Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM)
  - 5.15.c Cisco IPS Device Manager (IDM)
  - 5.15.d Cisco IPS Manager Express (IME)
  - 5.15.e Cisco Configuration Professional
  - 5.15.f Cisco Prime

### 6.0 Cisco Security Technologies and Solutions

- 6.1 Router hardening features (for example, CoPP, MPP, uRPF, and PBR
- 6.2 Switch security features (for example, anti-spoofing, port, STP, MACSEC, NDAC, and NEAT)
- 6.3 NetFlow
- 6.4 Wireless security
- 6.5 Network segregation
  - 6.5.a VRF-aware technologies
  - 6.5.b VXLAN
- 6.6 VPN solutions
  - 6.6.a FlexVPN
  - 6.6.b DMVPN
  - 6.6.c GET VPN
  - 6.6.d Cisco EasyVPN
- 6.7 Content and packet filtering
- 6.8 QoS application for security6.9 Load balancing and failover

# 7.0 Security Policies and Procedures, Best Practices, and Standards

- 7.1 Security policy elements
- 7.2 Information security standards (for example, ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27002)
- 7.3 Standards bodies (for example, ISO, IEC, ITU, ISOC, IETF, IAB, IANA, and ICANN)
- 7.4 Industry best practices (for example, SOX and PCI DSS)
- 7.5 Common RFC and BCP (for example, RFC2827/BCP38, RFC3704/BCP84, and RFC5735)
- 7.6 Security audit and validation
- 7.7 Risk assessment

- 7.8 Change management process
- 7.9 Incident response framework
- 7.10 Computer security forensics
- 7.11 Desktop security risk assessment and desktop security risk management

### **LAB EXAM**

### 1.0 System Hardening and Availability

- 1.1 Routing plane security features (for example, protocol authentication and route filtering)
- 1.2 Control Plane Policing
- 1.3 Control plane protection and management plane protection
- 1.4 Broadcast control and switch port security
- 1.5 Additional CPU protection mechanisms (for example, options drop and logging interval)
- 1.6 Disable unnecessary services
- 1.7 Control device access (for example, Telnet, HTTP, SSH, and privilege levels)
- 1.8 Device services (for example, SNMP, syslog, and NTP)
- 1.9 Transit traffic control and congestion management

### 2.0 Threat Identification and Mitigation

- 2.1 Identify and protect against fragmentation attacks
- 2.2 Identify and protect against malicious IP option usage
- 2.3 Identify and protect against network reconnaissance attacks
- 2.4 Identify and protect against IP spoofing attacks
- 2.5 Identify and protect against MAC spoofing attacks
- 2.6 Identify and protect against ARP spoofing attacks
- 2.7 Identify and protect against DoS attacks
- 2.8 Identify and protect against DDoS attacks
- 2.9 Identify and protect against man-in-the-middle attacks
- 2.10 Identify and protect against port redirection attacks
- 2.11 Identify and protect against DHCP attacks
- 2.12 Identify and protect against DNS attacks
- 2.13 Identify and protect against MAC flooding attacks
- 2.14 Identify and protect against VLAN hopping attacks
- 2.15 Identify and protect against various Layer 2 and Layer 3 attacks
- 2.16 NBAR
- 2.17 NetFlow
- 2.18 Capture and utilize packet captures

#### 3.0 Intrusion Prevention and Content Security

- 3.1 Cisco IPS 4200 Series Sensor appliance and Cisco ASA appliance IPS module
  - 3.1.a Initialize the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.b Sensor appliance management
  - 3.1.c Virtual sensors on the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.d Implement security policies
  - 3.1.e Promiscuous and inline monitoring on the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.f Tune signatures on the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.g Custom signatures on the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.h Actions on the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.i Signature engines on the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.j Use Cisco IDM and Cisco IME to manage the sensor appliance
  - 3.1.k Event action overrides and filters on the sensor appliance
  - 3.1. Event monitoring on the sensor appliance
- 3.2 VACL, SPAN and RSPAN on Cisco switches
- 3.3 Cisco WSA
  - 3.3.a Implement WCCP
  - 3.3.b Active Directory integration 3.3.c Custom categories
  - 3.3.d HTTPS configuration
  - 3.3.e Services configuration (web reputation)
  - 3.3.f Configure proxy bypass lists
  - 3.3.g Web proxy modes
  - 3.3.h Application visibility and control
- 4.0 Identity Management
- 4.1 Identity-based AAA
  - 4.1.a Cisco router and appliance AAA
  - 4.1.b RADIUS
  - 4.1.c TACACS+
- 4.2 Device administration (Cisco IOS routers, Cisco ASA, and Cisco ACS5.x)
- 4.3 Network access (TrustSec model)
  - 4.3.a Authorization results for network access (ISE)
  - 4.3.b IEEE 802.1X (Cisco ISE)
  - 4.3.c VSAs (Cisco ASA, Cisco IOS, and Cisco ISE)
  - 4.3.d Proxy authentication (Cisco ISE, Cisco ASA, and Cisco IOS)
- 4.4 Cisco ISE
  - 4.4.a Profiling configuration (probes)
  - 4.4.b Guest services
  - 4.4.c Posture assessment
  - 4.4 d Client provisioning (CPP)
  - 4.4.e Configure Microsoft Active Directory integration and identity sources

### 5.0 Perimeter Security and Services

- 5.1 Cisco ASA firewalls
  - 5.1.a Basic firewall Initialization
  - 5.1.b Device management
  - 5.1.c Address translation
  - 5.1.d ACLs
  - 5.1.e IP routing and route tracking
  - 5.1.f Object groups
  - 5.1.g VLANs
  - 5.1.h Configure EtherChannel
  - 5.1.i High availability and redundancy 5.1.j Layer 2 transparent firewall 5.1.k Security contexts (virtual firewall) 5.1.l Cisco Modular Policy Framework
  - 5.1.j Identity firewall services
  - 5.1.k Configure Cisco ASA with ASDM
  - 5.1.l Context-aware services
  - 5.1.m IPS capabilities
  - 5.1.n QoS capabilities
- 5.2 Cisco IOS zone-based firewall
  - 5.2.a Network, secure group, and user-based policy
  - 5.2.b Performance tuning
  - 5.2.c Network, protocol, and application inspection
- 5.3 Perimeter security services
  - 5.3.a Cisco IOS QoS and packet-marking techniques
  - 5.3.b Traffic filtering using access lists
  - 5.3.c Cisco IOS NAT
  - 5.3.d uRPF
  - 5.3.e Port to Application Mapping (PAM)
  - 5.3.f Policy routing and route maps

### 6.0 Confidentiality and Secure Access

- 6.1 IKE (v1/v2)
- 6.2 IPsec LAN-to-LAN (Cisco IOS and Cisco ASA)
- 6.3 DMVPN
- 6.4 FlexVPN
- 6.5 GET VPN
- 6.6 Remote-access VPN

6.6.a Cisco EasyVPN Server (Cisco IOS and Cisco ASA)

- 6.6.b VPN Client 5.X
- 6.6.c Clientless WebVPN
- 6.6.d Cisco AnyConnect VPN
- 6.6.e Cisco EasyVPN Remote
- 6.6.f SSL VPN gateway
- 6.7 VPN high availability
- 6.8 QoS for VPN
- 6.9 VRF-aware VPN
- 6.10 MAC sec
- 6.11 Digital certificates (enrollment and policy matching)
- 6.12 Wireless access
  - 6.12.a EAP methods
  - 6.12.b WPA and WPA2
  - 6.12.c wIPS

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